

# APPENDIX

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# Pittsburgh VA preps Veteran for Paris Paralympics

Pictured in the previous page: Eric McElvenny hits the track.

A Marine Corps Veteran competed in the Paris 2024 Paralympics with a prosthetic leg maximized for power and efficiency by Pittsburgh VA.

An eight-time Iron Man runner and 2020 Tokyo Paralympics triathlete, Eric McElvenny has been a patient since October 2023. Orthotist/prosthetist Andrew Chambers has spent one day a week with McElvenny since then, tweaking his prosthesis and testing adjustments to harness maximum power and efficiency.

McElvenny, Chambers, and physical therapist John Schneider recently spent a day at a local high school athletic track, testing out the metrics of different prosthetics attachments while McElvenny ran at a set speed.

Sensors attached to each of McElvenny's feet measured power, stride length, and vertical oscillation. The team used the measurements to make tiny adjustments to the prosthetics to assess which yielded the best results. "We're looking for a percent, for little, small things," says Chambers, who flew to Paris to cheer him on.

McElvenny attended the United States Naval Academy. He has always been athletic, energetic, and resilient, traits evident from the moment he starts speaking. An inspirational speaker, McElvenny has traveled all over the country to speak at companies, schools, colleges, conferences, and sports teams, most recently to Texas. "I teach principles of resilience," he says.

On a routine patrol, McElvenny stepped on an improvised explosive device, resulting in the loss of his leg. He was transported to the Naval Medical Center in San Diego for treatment. While in bed, he made a promise to himself: he was going to run in an Ironman Triathlon. "I wanted to do something big to prove to myself that I was the same person."

McElvenny ran his first Ironman race in Kona, Hawaii, and has since competed in seven others. He says he also wants to one day compete in a Norseman race in Norway, a notoriously difficult track with over 5,000 inclining meters.

Although Paris was his second Paralympics, it was the first for his family because the COVID-19 outbreak limited spectators in Tokyo. He finished sixth in Tokyo but set a goal to return this year.

The Paris triathlon is run in six categories with each based on the athlete's physical characteristics. In McElvenny's category, amputee below the knee, he competed against 11 other athletes.

"Our goal is to provide every Veteran with the tools they need to reach their goals," says Chambers. "If that goal is to medal in the Paralympics, we are with them, 100%."

# APPENDIX ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

# **ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS**

Acronym	Definition	Acronym	Definition
ABD	Office of Automated Benefit Delivery	DC	District of Columbia
ABLGB	Actuarial and Benefit Liability Governance Board	DEA	Survivors' and Dependents' Educational Assistance
ACL	Access Control List	Department	Department of Veterans Affairs
ADA	Antideficiency Act	DGI	Digital GI
AFR	Agency Financial Report	DoD	Department of Defense
AGA	Association of Government	DOJ	Department of Justice
	Accountants	DOL	Department of Labor
AMA	Veterans Appeals Improvement and Modernization Act	DVP	Digital Veterans Platform
APG	Agency Priority Goal	E.O.	Executive Order
APP&R	Annual Performance Plan and Report	eCMS	Electronic Contract Management System
ATO	Authority to Operate	ERM	Enterprise Risk Management
BDN	Benefits Delivery Network	ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
Board	Board of Veterans' Appeals	ESCO	Energy Service Company
CAATS	Centralized Automated Accounting Transaction System	ESPC	Energy Saving Performance Contracts
CAP	Corrective Action Plan	EUL	Enhanced-Use Lease
CAVC	Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims	FASAB	Federal Accounting Standards
CCN	Community Care Network		Advisory Board
CEAR	Certificate of Excellence in Accountability Reporting	FBWT	Fund Balance with Treasury
CEHRIS	Center for Enterprise Human	FCA	Facility Condition Assessment
	Resources Information Services	FECA	Federal Employees' Compensation Act
CFO CFR	Chief Financial Officer Code of Federal Regulations	FERS	Federal Employees Retirement System
	Civilian Health and Medical Program		Federal Financial Management
CHAMPVA	of the Department of Veterans Affairs	FFMIA	Improvement Act
CIO	Chief Information Officer	FISMA	The Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014
CLA	CliftonLarsonAllen		Fractional Logistics Regression
CLC	Community Living Center	FLRM	Model
COBOL	Common Business Oriented Language	FMBT	Financial Management Business Transformation
COLA	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	FMFIA	Federal Managers' Financial Integrity
COVID-19	Coronavirus Disease 2019	EMS	Act
CPAC	Consolidated Patient Accounting Centers	FMS	Financial Management System Flight On-the-Job Training,
CPI-W	Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earner and Clerical Workers	FOCAS	Correspondence, Apprenticeship System
Credit Reform	Enderal Cradit Reform Act of 1990	FR	Financial Report
Act	Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990	FTE	Full-time Employee
CSC	Credit Subsidy Calculator	FY	Fiscal Year
CSO	Commissioner's Standard Ordinary	GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
CSRS	Civil Service Retirement System	GAO	Government Accountability Office
CUOR	Communications, Utilities, and Other Rents	GEC	Geriatrics and Extended Care
		SEC	

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Acronym	Definition	Acronym	Definition
GPRAMA	Government Performance and	OMB	Office of Management and Budget
GRC	Results Act Modernization Act Governance, Risk and Compliance	OPEB	Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions
GSA	General Services Administration	OPIA	Office of Public and
CTAC	Governmentwide Treasury Account	OPM	Intergovernmental Affairs
GTAS	Symbol Adjusted Trial Balance System		Office of Personnel Management
HR	Human Resources	ORB	Other Retirement Benefits
	Office of Human Resources and	P.L.	Public Law
HRA/OSP	Administration/Operations, Security	P3	Public-Private Partnerships
ICA	and Preparedness Internal Control Assessment	PACT Act	Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address
iFAMS	Integrated Financial and Acquisition		Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022
IF AIVIS	Management System	PAWS	Puppies Assisting Wounded Service Members
IFCAP	Integrated Funds Distribution, Control Point Activity, Accounting and Procurement System	PCAFC	Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers
IGT	Intra-governmental Transactions	PC3	Patient-Centered Community Care
IPPS	Invoice Payment Processing System	PGIB	Post-9/11 GI Bill
IT	Information Technology	PIA	Privacy Impact Assessments
IUS	Internal Use Software	PIIA	Payment Integrity Information Act
JV	Journal Voucher	PLTSS	Purchased Long Term Services and Support
LGY	Loan Guaranty	POA&M	Plan of Action and Milestones
LLG	Liability for Loan Guarantee	PDA&M PP&E	
MCCA	Medical Care Contracts and	PF&E	Property, Plant, and Equipment Prior Year Recovery
MOOA	Agreements	REO	Real Estate Owned
MCCF	Medical Care Collections Fund		-
MD&A	Management's Discussion and Analysis	Reserve Fund RSI	Housing Trust Reserve Fund Required Supplementary Information
MGIB-AD	Montgomery GI Bill Active Duty	ROTC	Reserve Officers' Training Corps
MinX	Management Information Exchange	SBR	Statement of Budgetary Resources
NCA	National Cemetery Administration	SCA	Security Control Assessments
NSLI	National Service Life Insurance	SCIP	Strategic Capital Investment Planning
OA	Occupancy Agreements	SCNP	Statement of Changes in Net Position
OALC	Office of Acquisition, Logistics and	S-DVI	Service-Disabled Veterans Insurance
UALC	Construction		Statement of Federal Financial
OAWP	Office of Accountability and Whistleblower Protection	SFFAS	Accounting Standards
OBO	Office of Business Oversight	SGLI	Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance
OCLA	Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs	SNC	Statement of Net Cost
OEI	Office of Enterprise Integration	SOA	Society of Actuaries
OFM	Office of Financial Management	SSA	Social Security Administration
OGC	Office of General Counsel	TAP	Transition Assistance Program
OIG	Office of Inspector General	TEF	Cost of War Toxic Exposures Fund
OIG	Office of Information and Technology	TFM	Treasury Financial Manual
OKR		TPA	Third-party Administrators
	Objectives and Key Results	Treasury	U.S. Department of Treasury
OM	Office of Management		

## APPENDIX ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

Acronym	Definition	Acronym	Definition
TSGLI	Traumatic Servicemembers' Group	VCS	Veterans Canteen Service
	Life Insurance	VDM	Variable Default Model
U.S.	United States	VEAC	Veterans Experience Action Center
U.S.C.	United States Code	VEO	Veterans Experience Office
UDO	Undelivered Orders	VETSNET	The Veterans Services Network
UESC	Utility Energy Service Contracts		
	United States Government Life	VGLI	Veterans' Group Life Insurance
USGLI	Insurance	VHA	Veterans Health Administration
USSGL	U.S. Standard General Ledger	VISN	Veterans Integrated Service Network
VA	Department of Veterans Affairs	VistA	Veterans Information System and Technology Architecture
VACC	VA Community Care	VLM	Veterans Legacy Memorial
VALife	Veterans Affairs Life Insurance	VMLI	Veterans' Mortgage Life Insurance
VAMC	VA Medical Center	VR&E	Veteran Readiness and Employment
VASP	Veterans Affairs Servicing Purchase		
VBA	Veterans Benefits Administration	VRI	Veterans Reopened Insurance
VBM	Valuation Basic Male	VSLI	Veterans Special Life Insurance
V DIVI		WIP	Work-in-Process
VBMS	Veterans Benefits Management System		

#### APPENDIX VA'S COMPENSATION BENEFITS LIABILITY

# VA'S COMPENSATION BENEFITS LIABILITY

# **Understanding a Complex Balance**

VA's largest accounting balance is the disability compensation benefits liability at \$7.2 trillion. This unfunded liability represents VA's projected future costs to fund compensation payments over the next 100 years. Although the liability is unfunded, VA's obligation for compensation payments is probable because of existing laws and a well-established practice of caring for America's Veterans. It is also measurable through actuarial methods and sufficient historical data on Veterans. VA funds the current year costs of compensation through its annual appropriations.

The compensation benefits liability is an actuarial estimate calculated as the present value of projected benefit payments to the following beneficiary types:

#### **Current Benefit Recipients**

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Veterans and survivors currently receiving benefit payments.

#### **Future Benefit Recipients**



Current Veterans – those who are expected to begin receiving benefit payments in the future (and their survivors).



Future Veterans – an estimate of active-duty Service members who have gained eligibility as of the valuation date\* and will become future beneficiaries (and their survivors).

\*The valuation date represents VA's fiscal year-end, which is September 30.

# Liability\* A probable future outflow or other

sacrifice of resources as a result of past transactions or events. A liability must meet two conditions:

**Technical Terms to Know** 

- Probable more likely than not to occur; and
- Measurable reasonably estimable.

**Actuarial** Relating to the practice of applying probability and statistics to develop estimates for matters that involve uncertainty. Actuarial estimates generally satisfy the liability condition related to measurability.

\* Per FASAB SFFAS No. 5, Accounting for Liabilities of the Federal Government

# **DID YOU KNOW?**

VA issued American Civil War era benefits payments as recently as 2020 when the last beneficiary passed away, 155 years after the end of the war. The beneficiary was the daughter of a soldier who fought first for the Confederacy and later for the Union during his service in the Civil War.

To fully understand the magnitude of the compensation liability balance, it is also important to understand the potential length of time for which VA makes compensation benefit payments attributed to each conflict. Derived from <u>VA's Annual Benefits Report</u>, the following table presents the total number of Veterans and beneficiaries by conflict who received compensation benefits as of September 30, 2023. The FY 2024 Annual Benefits Report is expected to be available in February 2025.

Since compensation benefits begin for a Veteran and continue through their survivors, the benefit projection period is 100 years to capture all significant liabilities for each benefit recipient. In FY 2023, about 6.2 million Veterans and Veteran's survivors received Disability Compensation payments. Through actuarial methods, future beneficiaries are projected based on existing demographic data maintained by VA and other Federal entities such as the Department of Defense.

à	Compensation Benefit Recipients as of September 30, 2023		
S	Conflict	Veterans	Surviving spouse, children or parents
	Wars of the 1800s*	-	2
ſ	World War I 1917 - 1918	-	67
	World War II 1941 - 1946	11,448	22,817
	Korean Conflict 1950 - 1955	59,092	25,769
	Vietnam Era 1961 - 1975	1,385,131	348,523
	Gulf War Era 1990 - Present	3,374,670	52,599
	Peacetime (Other)	831,932	47,398
	Total	5,662,273	497,175

demographic data maintained by VA and \*Wars of the 1800s include the Spanish-American War and the Mexican Border Period. other Federal entities such as the

# **COMPUTATION INPUTS**

When computing the liability, VA actuaries make assumptions about the future. These assumptions and other inputs work together to provide a reasonable estimate of the future compensation payable. There are three primary classifications of actuarial assumptions: economic, demographic, and regulatory, described as follows.



**ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS** include rate adjustments that are impacted by economic conditions. Rates are updated annually and derived from national averages.

- **Discount Rate** The discount rate converts future years' benefit payments (nominal) to a current year basis as of the financial statement date. The discount rate has an inverse relationship to the actuarial liability. For example, the higher the discount rate, the lower the actuarial liability, all other things being equal.
- COLA Rate The COLA is derived from the amount of money required to maintain a standard of living (for example, housing, food, clothing, utilities, taxes, and health care). COLA is generally derived from changes in the previous year's consumer price index, which measures the overall price change in goods and services over time. COLA is factored into the actuarial liability so that payments for Disability Compensation keep pace with inflation.



**DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS** include population data and experience rates related to beneficiaries currently receiving or expected to receive compensation. The data is updated annually or as needed based on experience. Examples include:

- **Total Beneficiary Counts** The number of Veterans and dependents receiving payments, including projected future enrollees.
- **Disability Ratings** Ratings assigned based on the expected severity of a Veteran's serviceconnected disability. The higher the disability rating, the higher the compensation payment.
- Mortality Rates Projections are generally based on life expectancies of beneficiaries collecting compensation payments.
- Benefit Termination Rate The rate at which benefits are terminated for reasons other than mortality.



**REGULATORY ASSUMPTION** examples include administrative, judicial, or legislative

changes that result in changes to compensation benefit eligibility and amount. Internal VA policies,

court rulings and new laws all play a role in the compensation benefits liability estimate. For example, these changes may result in an

expansion of the total number of presumptive conditions. A service-connected presumptive condition is a disability that VA presumes was caused by military service. If a presumptive condition is diagnosed in a Veteran, they can be awarded Disability Compensation benefits.

#### **Regulatory Impact**

In 2019, the Blue Water Vietnam Veterans Act granted Disability Compensation for presumptive diseases that resulted from exposure to Agent Orange to the nearly 90,000 Veterans who served offshore during the Vietnam War. As a result of the legislation, VA recognized an approximate \$43.3 billion increase to the compensation liability in FY 2020.

#### APPENDIX VA ONLINE

### **VA ONLINE**

Burial and Memorial Benefits for Veterans Center for Faith-based and Neighborhood Partnerships Clinical Training Opportunities and Education Affiliates Dependency and Indemnity Compensation Dependent and Survivor Benefits **Disability Compensation for Veterans eBenefits** Education Benefits for Veterans Educational and Vocational Counseling Employment Energy Management Program Service Freedom of Information Act Health Care in VA Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Home Loans Homelessness Info Human Resources and Administration/Operations, Security and Preparedness Infertility Insurance for Service members and Veterans Intimate Partner Violence Support Managing My Health as a Veteran Medical Research in VA Minority Veterans Office of Rural Health **Opportunities for Veteran-Owned Small Businesses** PACT Act and Your Care PACT Act Helping Veterans Pension Information for Veterans and Survivors Privacy Policy Information Public Health **Recently Published VA Regulations** Reports, Surveys, or Statistics Regarding the Veteran Population Sexually Transmitted Infection Prevention / Treatment Substance Use/Alcohol Treatment Survivors Assistance **Tobacco Cessation Resources** VA Benefits VA Directives and Handbooks VA Transition Assistance Program VA's AFR Submission and Strategic Plans VA's Budget Submission VA's Home Page VA's Social Media Sites Veteran Readiness and Employment Virtual Mental Health Care Vow to Hire Heroes Whole Health

Women Veterans

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Executive Secretariat

#### Veterans Health Administration

**Veterans Benefits Administration** 

**National Cemetery Administration** 

#### **Office of Management**

Office of Finance

Office of Business Oversight

Office of Asset Enterprise Management

Office of Financial Management Business Transformation Service

Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs

**Office of Enterprise Integration** 

Office of Human Resources and Administration/ Operations, Security and Preparedness

Office of Information and Technology

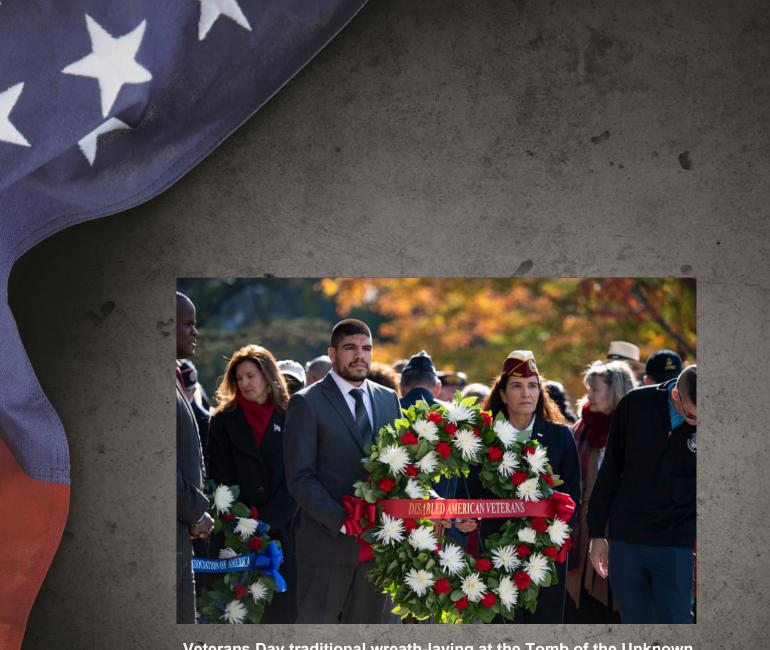
Office of Public and Intergovernmental Affairs

Office of Acquisition, Logistics and Construction

**Board of Veterans' Appeals** 

Office of General Counsel

In addition, we express our appreciation to the Office of Inspector General and CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP for their dedication in our mutual pursuit of financial excellence. We also thank the AGA for their valuable feedback on the AFR during the annual CEAR review process.



Veterans Day traditional wreath-laying at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington National Cemetery on November 11, 2023.



U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

www.va.gov